

Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (1) of (88)

TEST REPORT

EN 301 893 V2.1.1

Equipment under test NETWORK VIDEO RECORDER

Model name TRM-410S

Applicant Hanwha Techwin Co., Ltd.

Manufacturer Hanwha Techwin (Tianjin) Co.,Ltd. Hanwha Techwin Security Vietnam Co.,Ltd. D-TECH Co.,Ltd.

Date of test(s) 2019.01.07 ~ 2019.01.30

Date of issue 2019.02.14

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Revision history

Revision	Date of issue	Test report No.	Description
-	2019.02.14	KES-RF-19T0017	Initial



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	General in	1formation	4
	1.1.	EUT description	4
	1.2.	Information about derivative model	5
	1.3.	Accessory information	5
	1.4.	Device modifications	5
	1.5.	Frequency/channel operations	6
	1.6.	Maximum output power	6
2.	Summary	of tests	7
3.	Application	on form for testing	8
	3.1.	Information as required by EN 301 893 V2.1.1, clause 5.4.1	8
	3.2	Additional information provided by the manufacturer	22
	3.3	List of ancillary and/or support equipment provided by the manufacturer	22
4.	Test re	sults	23
	4.1.	Transmitter unwanted emissions outside the 5 GHz RLAN bands	23
	4.2.	Receiver spurious emissions	28
	4.3.	Centre frequencies	33
	4.4.	Nominal channel bandwidth and Occupied channel bandwidth	37
	4.5.	RF output power, Transmit Power Control (TPC) and power density	40
	4.5.1	RF output power	40
	4.5.2	Power spectral density	45
	4.6.	Transmitter unwanted emissions within the 5 GHz RLAN bands	51
	4.7.	DFS (Dynamic Frequency Selection)	60
	4.8.	Adaptivity	69
	4.9.	Receiver blocking	77
App	endix A	-	80
App	endix B		82
App	endix C		84



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1. General information

Applicant:	Hanwha Techwin Co., Ltd.						
Applicant address:	6, Pangyo-ro 319 Beon-gil, Bundang-gu, Seongnam-si,						
	Gyeonggi-do, 13488, Korea						
Test site:	KES Co., Ltd.						
Test site address:	3701, 40, Simin-daero 365beo	on-gil, Dongan-gu, Anyang-si,					
	Gyeonggi-do, 14057, Korea						
	473-21, Gayeo-ro, Yeoju-si, C	Jyeonggi-do, Korea					
Rule part(s):	EN 301 893 V2.1.1						
Test device serial No.:	Production	Pre-production	Engineering				

1.1. EUT description

Equipment under test	NETWORK VIDEO RECORDER
Frequency range	5 180 MHz ~ 5 240 MHz (11ac_VHT20)
	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz (11ac_VHT40)
	5 210 Mtz (11ac_VHT80)
	5 260 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz (11ac_VHT20)
	5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz (11ac_VHT40)
	5 290 Mtz (11ac_VHT80)
	5 500 MHz ~ 5 700 MHz (11ac_VHT20)
	5 510 Mz ~ 5 670 Mz (11ac_VHT40)
	5 530 Mtz ~ 5 610 Mtz (11ac_VHT80)
	1 575.42 Mz (GPS)
Model:	TRM-410S
Modulation technique	OFDM
Antenna specification	5 GHz_UNII 1, 2A // Dipole Antenna & 2.72 dBi
	5 GHz_UNII 2C // Dipole Antenna & 3.45 dBi
Power source	DC 9V~36V
H/W version	TRM-410S_Main V03
S/W version	V1.00_190129183607



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Number of channels	5 180 MW \sim 5 240 MW (11ac VHT20) \cdot 4ch
Number of chamiers	$5 100 \text{ mm} \approx 5.240 \text{ mm} (11ac_v11120)$. 401
	5 190 MHz ~ 5 230 MHz (11ac_VHT40) : 2ch,
	5 210 Mt (11ac_VHT80): 1ch
	$5\ 260\ \text{Mz} \sim 5\ 320\ \text{Mz}\ (11ac_VHT20): 4ch$
	5 270 MHz ~ 5 310 MHz (11ac_VHT40) : 2ch,
	5 290 Mtz (11ac_VHT80): 1ch
	5 500 Mz ~ 5 720 Mz (11ac_VHT20) : 12ch
	5 510 MHz ~ 5 670 MHz (11ac_VHT40): 6ch
	5 530 MHz ~ 5 610 MHz $(11ac_VHT80)$: 3ch
	1 575.42 Mtz (GPS) : 1ch

1.2. Information about derivative model

N/A

1.3. Accessory information

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Power source
Control Box	Hanwha Techwin(Tianjin) Co., Ltd.	-	-	-

1.4. Device modifications

N/A



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1.5. Frequency/channel operations

Ch.	Frequency (Mb)
36	5 180
44	5 220
48	5 240

Frequency (Mb)		Ch.	Frequency (Mz)
5 260		100	5 500
5 280		116	5 580
5 320		140	5 700

Table 1.2-1. 802.11ac_VHT20 mode

Ch.	Frequency (Mz)	Ch.	Frequency (Mz)		Ch.	Frequency (Mz)
38	5 190	54	5 270		102	5 510
46	5 230	62	5 310		118	5 590
				•	134	5 670

Ch.

52

56

64

Table 1.2-2. 802.11ac_VHT40 mode

Ch.	Frequency (Mz)		Ch.	Frequency (Mz)		Ch.	Frequency (Mz)
42	5 210		58	5 290		106	5 530
		-			-	122	5 610

Table 1.2-3. 802.11ac_VHT80 mode

1.6. Maximum output power

Refer to the output power.

Note.

- 1. Radiated emission were performed with the EUT set to transmit at the channel with highest output power as worst-case scenario.
- 2. Worst-case data rates were: 802.11ac_VHT20 mode : <u>VHT MCS8</u> 802.11ac_VHT40 mode : <u>VHT MCS9</u> 802.11ac_VHT80 mode : <u>VHT MCS9</u>



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2. Summary of tests

Reference	Parameter	Test results
EN 301 893 4.2.4.1	Transmitter unwanted emissions outside the 5 GHz RLAN bands	Pass
EN 301 893 4.2.5	Receiver spurious emissions	Pass
EN 301 893 4.2.1	Nominal Centre frequencies	Pass
EN 301 893 4.2.2	Nominal Channel Bandwidth and Occupied Channel Bandwidth	Pass
EN 301 893 4.2.3	RF Output Power, TPC and Power density	Pass
EN 301 893 4.2.4.2	Transmitter unwanted emissions within the 5 GHz RLAN bands	Pass
EN 301 893 4.2.6	Dynamic Frequency Selection (DFS)	Pass
EN 301 893 4.2.7	Adaptivity	Pass
EN 301 893 4.2.8	Receiver Blocking	Pass
EN 301 893 4.2.10	Geo-location capability	N/A ^{Note.1}

Note:

1. This device has not support geo-location capability.



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3. Application form for testing

3.1. Information as required by EN 301 893 V2.1.1, clause 5.4.1

In accordance with EN 301 893, clause 5.4.1, the following information is provided by the manufacturer.

a) The Nominal Channel Bandwidth(s):

Nominal Channel Bandwidth 1:20 Mtz

Nominal Channel Bandwidth 2:40 Mtz

Nominal Channel Bandwidth 3:80 Mtz

The associated centre frequencies:

For Nominal Channel Bandwidth 1:

for the band 5 150 - 5 350 MHz: 5 180 MHz ~ 5 320 MHz

for the band 5 470 - 5 725 MHz: 5 500 MHz $\sim 5~700$ MHz

For Nominal Channel Bandwidth 2:

for the band 5 150 - 5 350 Mz: 5 190 Mz \sim 5 310 Mz

for the band 5 470 - 5 725 MHz: 5 510 MHz ~ 5 670 MHz

For Nominal Channel Bandwidth 3:

for the band 5 150 - 5 350 Mz: 5 210 Mz \sim 5 290 Mz

for the band 5 470 - 5 725 MHz: 5 530 MHz \sim 5 610 MHz

b) For Load Based Equipment that supports multi-channel operation: (N.A)

The LBE equipment supports Option 1 as described in clause 4.2.7.3.2.3

The LBE equipment supports Option 2 as described in clause 4.2.7.3.2.3

The (maximum) number of channels used for multi-channel operation: (N/A)

These channels are adjacent channels:

Yes	🗌 No
-----	------

In case of non-adjacent channels, whether or not these channels are in different sub-bands:

	Yes		
--	-----	--	--

for LBE equipment implementing option 1 (see clause 4.2.7.3.2.3), the number of channels used for multichannel operation when performing the test described in clause 5.4.9.3.2.3.1

In case of multi-channel operation, further information defining the channels used for these simultaneous Transmissions may be required.

] No

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Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (9) of (88)

c) The different transmit operating modes (see clause 5.3.3.2) (tick all that apply):

Operating mode 1: Single Antenna Equipment

- a) Equipment with only 1 antenna
- b) Equipment with diversity antennas but only 1 antenna active at any moment in time
- c) Smart Antenna Systems with 2 or more antennas, but operating in a (legacy) mode where only 1 antenna is used.

Operating mode 2: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas without beamforming

- a) Single spatial stream/Standard throughput
- b) High Throughput (>1 spatial stream) using Nominal Channel Bandwidth 1
- c) High Throughput (>1 spatial stream) using Nominal Channel Bandwidth 2
- **Operating mode 3**: Smart Antenna Systems Multiple Antennas with beamforming
 - a) Single spatial stream/Standard throughput
 - b) High Throughput (>1 spatial stream) using Nominal Channel Bandwidth 1
 - c) High Throughput (>1 spatial stream) using Nominal Channel Bandwidth 2

d) In case of Smart Antenna Systems or multiple antenna systems (N/A)

- The number of Receive chains:
- The number of Transmit chains:
- Equal power distribution among the transmit chains: Yes No
- In case of beamforming, the maximum (additional) beamforming gain: (N/A)

NOTE : Beamforming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna (assembly).

e) TPC feature available:

☐ Yes ⊠ No

f) For equipment with TPC range: (N/A)

The lowest and highest power level (or lowest and highest e.i.r.p. level in case of integrated antenna equipment), intended antenna assemblies and corresponding operating frequency range for the TPC range (or for each of the TPC ranges if more than one is implemented).

TPC range 1: Applicable Frequency Range:

5 150 MHz to 5 350 MHz and 5 470 MHz to 5 725 MHz (Indoor)
Simultaneous transmissions in both sub-bands: 🗌 Yes 🗌 No
5 470 Mtz to 5 725 Mtz only (Outdoor only)

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Indicate whether the power levels specified are Transmitter Output Power levels or e.i.r.p. levels in case of integrated antenna equipment.

Power levels are specified for:
Tx out e.i.r.p

If more than one transmit chain is present (e.g. in the case of smart antenna systems), the power levels below represent the power settings per active transmit chain (and per sub-band in case of multi-channel operation).

Table G.1: Power levels for TPC range 1

			-	
	Sub-band	Operating mode 1	Operating mode 2	Operating mode 3
	(MHz)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(dBm)
Lowest setting	5 150 to 5 350			
(P _{low})	5 470 to 5 725			
Highest setting	5 150 to 5 350			
(P high)	5 470 to 5 725			

Beamforming possible: Yes No

Intended Antenna Assemblies:



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Antenna assembly name	Antenna gain (dBi)	Operating mode	Sub-band (Mz)	Beam forming gain (dB)	e.i.r.p. for P _{low} (dBm)	e.i.r.p. for P high (dBm)
		Mada 1	5 150 to 5 350			
<antenna 1=""></antenna>		Mode 1	5 470 to 5 725			
		N 1 2	5 150 to 5 350			
		Mode 2	5 470 to 5 725			
		Mada 2	5 150 to 5 350			
		Mode 3	5 470 to 5 725			
<antenna 2=""></antenna>		Mode 1	5 150 to 5 350			
			5 470 to 5 725			
		N 1 2	5 150 to 5 350			
		Mode 2	5 470 to 5 725			
	Mod	N 1 2	5 150 to 5 350			
		Mode 3	5 470 to 5 725			
<antenna 3=""></antenna>		Mode 1 Mode 2	5 150 to 5 350			
			5 470 to 5 725			
			5 150 to 5 350			
			5 470 to 5 725			
		N 1 2	5 150 to 5 350			
		Mode 3	5 470 to 5 725			

Table G.2: Intended Antenna Assemblies for TPC range 1

DFS Threshold level:

 \Box at the antenna connector

 \Box in front of the antenna



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (12) of (88)

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\Box 5 150 Mz to 5 350 Mz and 5 470 Mz to 5 725 Mz (Indoor)
Simultaneous transmissions in both sub-bands: 🗌 Yes 🗌 No
5 470 Mz to 5 725 Mz only (Outdoor only)

Indicate whether the power levels specified are Transmitter Output Power levels or e.i.r.p. levels in case of integrated antenna equipment.

Power levels are specified for: Tx out e.i.r.p

If more than 1 transmit chain is present (e.g. in the case of smart antenna systems), the power levels below represent the power settings per active transmit chain (and per sub-band in case of simultaneous transmissions).

	Sub-band (Mz)	Operating mode 1 (dBm)	Operating mode 2 (dBm)	Operating mode 3 (dBm)
Lowest setting	5 150 to 5 350			
(P _{low})	5 470 to 5 725			
Highest setting	5 150 to 5 350			
(P high)	5 470 to 5 725			

Table G.3: Power levels for TPC range 2

Beamforming possible: Yes No Intended Antenna Assemblies:



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Antenna assembly name	Antenna gain (dBi)	Operating mode	Sub-band (Mz)	Beam forming gain (dB)	e.i.r.p. for P _{low} (dBm)	e.i.r.p. for P _{high} (dBm)
		Mada 1	5 150 to 5 350			
		Widde I	5 470 to 5 725			
		Mode 2	5 150 to 5 350			
<antenna 1=""></antenna>		Widde 2	5 470 to 5 725			
		M - 1 - 2	5 150 to 5 350			
		Mode 3	5 470 to 5 725			
<antenna 2=""></antenna>		Mada 1	5 150 to 5 350			
		Mode 1	5 470 to 5 725			
			5 150 to 5 350			
		Wide 2	5 470 to 5 725			
	Mode 3	N 1 2	5 150 to 5 350			
		Mode 3	5 470 to 5 725			
<antenna 3=""></antenna>		Mode 1	5 150 to 5 350			
			5 470 to 5 725			
	Mode 2		5 150 to 5 350			
		Mode 2	5 470 to 5 725			
		M - 1 - 2	5 150 to 5 350			
		Mode 3	5 470 to 5 725			

Table G.4: Intended Antenna Assemblies for TPC range 2

DFS Threshold level:

at the antenna connector

in front of the antenna

g) For equipment without a TPC range:

Power Setting 1: Applicable Frequency Range:

dBm

 \boxtimes 5 150 MHz to 5 350 MHz and 5 470 MHz to 5 725 MHz (Indoor)

Simultaneous transmissions in both sub-bands: 🗌 Yes 🛛 No

 \Box 5 470 Mz to 5 725 Mz only (Outdoor only)

Indicate whether the power levels specified are Transmitter Output Power levels or e.i.r.p. levels in case of integrated antenna equipment.

Power levels are specified for: Tx out e.i.r.p

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Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (14) of (88)

If more than 1 transmit chain is present (e.g. in the case of smart antenna systems), the power levels below represent the power settings per active transmit chain (and per sub-band in case of simultaneous transmissions

Table G.5: Maximum Transmitter Output Power for Power Setting 1

Sub-band (Mz)	Operating mode 1 (dBm)	Operating mode 2 (dB m)	Operating mode 3 (dB m)
5 150 to 5 350	13.95	-	-
5 470 to 5 725	15.50	-	-

Beamforming possible: 🗌 Yes 🛛 🛛 No

Intended Antenna Assemblies:



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Antenna assembly name	Antenna gain (dBi)	Operating mode	Sub-band (Mz)	Beam forming gain (dB)	e.i.r.p. (dBm)
		Mada 1	5 150 to 5 350	-	13.95
		Widde I	5 470 to 5 725	-	15.50
<antenna 1=""></antenna>	Please refer to	Mode 2	5 150 to 5 350	-	-
	page 4	Widde 2	5 470 to 5 725	-	-
		Mada 2	5 150 to 5 350	-	-
		Mode 3	5 470 to 5 725	-	-
<antenna 2=""></antenna>		Mada 1	5 150 to 5 350	-	-
		Widde I	5 470 to 5 725 -	-	-
	-	Mode 2	5 150 to 5 350	-	-
			5 470 to 5 725	-	-
		Mode 3	5 150 to 5 350	-	-
			5 470 to 5 725	-	-
		M. 1. 1	5 150 to 5 350	-	-
		Widde 1	5 470 to 5 725	-	-
		Moda 2	5 150 to 5 350	-	-
-Antenna 5-	-	Mode 2	5 470 to 5 725	-	-
		Mode 3	5 150 to 5 350	-	-
		Mode 3	5 470 to 5 725	-	-

DFS Threshold level:

dBm

at the antenna connector

in front of the antenna



\Box 5 150 MHz to 5 350 MHz and 5 470 MHz to 5 725 MHz (Indoor)
Simultaneous transmissions in both sub-bands: \Box Yes \Box No
5 470 Mz to 5 725 Mz only (Outdoor only)

Indicate whether the power levels specified are Transmitter Output Power levels or e.i.r.p. levels in case of integrated antenna equipment.

Power levels are specified for: \Box Tx out \Box e.i.r.p.

If more than one transmit chain is present (e.g. in the case of smart antenna systems), the power levels below represent the power settings per active transmit chain (and per sub-band in case of simultaneous transmissions).

Table G.7: Maximum Transmitter Output Power for Power Setting 2

Sub-band (Mz)	Operating Mode 1 (dBm)	Operating Mode 2 (dB m)	Operating Mode 3 (dB m)
5 150 to 5 350			
5 470 to 5 725			

Beamforming possible: Yes No Intended Antenna Assemblies:



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (17) of (88)

Antenna assembly name	Antenna gain (dBi)	Operating mode	Sub-band (Mz)	Beam forming gain (dB)	e.i.r.p. (dBm)
			5 150 to 5 350		
		Mode 1	5 470 to 5 725		
<antonno 1=""></antonno>		Mada 2	5 150 to 5 350		
Antenna 12		Mode 2	5 470 to 5 725		
		Mada 2	5 150 to 5 350		
		Mode 3	5 470 to 5 725		
		Mode 1	5 150 to 5 350		
			5 470 to 5 725		
< A		Mode 2	5 150 to 5 350		
Antenna 2>			5 470 to 5 725		
		Mada 2	5 150 to 5 350		
		Wode 5	5 470 to 5 725		
	>	Mada 1	5 150 to 5 350		
		Wode 1	5 470 to 5 725		
< Antonno 2>		Mode 2	5 150 to 5 350		
<antenna 5=""></antenna>			5 470 to 5 725		
		Mada 2	5 150 to 5 350		
		wide 5	5 470 to 5 725		

DFS Threshold level:

dBm at the antenna connector

 \Box in front of the antenna

h) The DFS related operating mode(s) of the equipment (N/A)

Master

Slave with radar detection

Slave without radar detection

If the equipment has more than 1 operating mode, tick all that apply.

i) User access restrictions (please check box below to confirm)

☑ the equipment is constructed to comply with the requirements contained in clause 4.2.9 in ETSI EN 301 893 V2.1.1

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Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (18) of (88)

i)	For equipment with Off-Channel CAC functionality
J)	For equipment with On-Channel CAC functionanty
	The equipment has an "Off-Channel CAC" function: 🗌 Yes 🛛 No
	If yes, specify the "Off-Channel CAC Time"
	• For channels outside the 5 600 Mz to 5 650 Mz range: hours
	• If applicable, for channels (partially) within the 5 600 Mz to 5 650 Mz range: hours
k)	The equipment can operate in ad-hoc mode
,	no ad-hoc operation
	\boxtimes ad-hoc operation in the frequency range 5 150 Mz to 5 250 Mz without DFS
	ad-hoc operation with DFS
	If more than 1 is applicable, tick all that apply.
-	
I)	Operating Frequency Range(s):
	Range 1: \boxtimes 5 150 Mz to 5 350 Mz and 5 470 Mz to 5 725 Mz

Range 2: 5 470 Mb to 5 725 Mb

Range 3: \Box 5 150 MHz to 5 250 MHz (ad-hoc without DFS)

Range 4: 🗌 other, please specify:

If the equipment has more than one Operating Frequency Range, tick all that apply.



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (19) of (88)

m) The extreme operating temperature and supply voltage range that apply to the equipment:

- \Box -20 °C to +55 °C (Outdoor & Indoor usage)
- \Box 0 °C to +35 °C (Indoor usage only)
- \bigcirc Other: -10 °C to +50 °C

The supply voltages of the stand-alone radio equipment or the supply voltages of the combined (host) equipment or test jig in case of plug-in devices:

Details provided are for the	 stand-alone equipment combined (or host) equipment test jig
Supply Voltage AC	mains State AC voltage: Minimum:Nominal: Maximum: State DC voltage Minimum: 9.0 V Nominal: 24.0 V Maximum: 36.0 V
In case of DC, indicate	the type of power source:
Internal Po	wer Supply
🔀 External Pe	ower Supply or AC/DC adapter
Battery	Nickel Cadmium
	Alkaline
	🗆 Nickel-Metal Hydride
	Lithium-Ion
	Lead acid (Vehicle regulated)
	□ Other
n) The test sequence/test N/A	software used (see also ETSI EN 301 893 (V2.1.1), clause 5.3.1.2):
 Type of Equipment Stand-alone Combined Equip 	ment (Equipment where the radio part is fully integrated within another type of

- equipment)
- Plug-in radio device (Equipment intended for a variety of host systems)
- Other



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p) Adaptivity (Channel Access Mechanism)

- Frame Based Equipment
- Load Based Equipment

q) With regards to Adaptivity for Frame Based Equipment/ (N/A)

- The Frame Based Equipment operates as an Initiating Device
- The Frame Based Equipment operates as an Responding Device
- The Frame Based Equipment can operate as an Initiating Device and as a Responding Device

The Frame Based Equipment has implemented the following Fixed Frame Period(s)

..... ms

..... ms

..... ms

r) With regards to Adaptivity for Load Based Equipment

- The Load Based Equipment operates as a Supervising Device
- The Load Based Equipment operates as a Supervised Device
- The Load Based Equipment can operate as a Supervising and as a Supervised Device
- The Load Based Equipment makes use of note 1 in table 7 or note 1 in table 8 of ETSI EN 301 893 V2.1.1

The Load Based Equipment, when operating as a Supervising Device, makes use of note 2 in Table 7 of ETSI EN 301 893 V2.1.1

The Priority Classes implemented by the Load Based Equipment

When operating as a Supervising Device

- Priority Class 4 (Highest priority)
- Priority Class 3
- Priority Class 2
- Priority Class 1 (Lowest priority)
- When operating as a Supervised Device
 - Priority Class 4 (Higheset priority)
 - Priority Class 3
 - Priority Class 2
 - Priority Class 1 (Lowest priority)

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With	regard to Energy D	etection Threshold, the Load Based Equipment has implemented e	either option 1 of
claus	se 4.2.7.3.2.5 of ETS	I EN 301 893 V2.1.1 or option 2 of clause 4.2.7.3.2.5 of ETSI EN	301 893 V2.1.1:
	\bigcirc Option 1		
	Option 2		
Spec	ify which protocol h	as been implemented:	
s)	The equipment so 893 v2.1.1 : ☐ Yes ∑	<pre>Ipports a geo-location capability as defined in clause 4.2.10 of</pre> I No	ETSI EN 301
t)	The minimum pe	rformance criteria (see ETSI EN 301 893 V2.1.1, clause 4.2.8.3	b) that
	corresponds to t	he intended use of the equipment:	
	N/A		
q)	The theoretical n	naximum radio performance of the equipment (e.g. maximum	throughput)

) The theoretical maximum radio performance of the equipment (e.g. maximum throughput (see ETSI EN 301 893 V2.1.1, clause 5.4.9.3.1): N/A



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3.2 Additional information provided by the manufacturer

Modulation: Can the transmitter operate un-modulated? 🛛 Yes 🗌 No						
Duty Cycle: The transmitter is intended for :						
🔀 Continuous duty						
Intermittent duty						
Continuous operation possible for testing purposes						
About the UUT:						
The equipment submitted are representative production models.						
☐ If not, the equipment submitted are pre-production models?						
If pre-production equipment are submitted, the final production equipment will be identical in all						
respects with the equipment tested.						
If not, supply full details:						
The equipment submitted is CE marked:						
The CE marking does include the Class-II identifier (Alert Sign).						
The CE marking does include a 4 digit number referring to the Notified Body involved.						
3.3 List of ancillary and/or support equipment provided by the manufacturer						
Spare batteries (e.g. for portable equipment):						
$\square Battery charging device$						
External Power Supply of AC/DC adapter						
I est Jig or interface box						
RF test fixture (for equipment with integrated antennas)						
Host System Manufacturer:						
Model #:						
Model name:						
Combined equipment Manufacturer:						
Model #:						
Model name:						
User manual						
Technical documentation (Handbook and circuit diagrams)						



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4. Test results

4.1. Transmitter unwanted emissions outside the 5 Gz RLAN bands

Measurement Condition

Ambient temperature :	20.4 °C
Relative humidity :	36.2 % R.H

Test procedure

EN 301 893 clause 5.4.5.2

5.4.5.2.1.1 Pre-scan

Step 2 :

The unwanted emissions over the range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz shall be identified. Spectrum analyser settings:

- 1. RBW:100 kHz
- 2. VBW: 300 kHz
- 3. Detector mode : Peak
- 4. Trace mode : Max hold
- 5. Sweep points : ≥ 9700

For spectrum analysers not supporting this number of sweep points, the frequency band may be segmented. For spectrum analysers capable of supporting twice this number of sweep points, the frequency adjustment in clause 5.4.5.2.1.2 (step 1, last bullet) may be omitted.

6. Sweep time : For non-continuous transmissions (duty cycle less than 100 %), the sweep time shall be sufficiently long, such that for each 100 kllz frequency step, the measurement time is greater than two transmissions of the UUT.

Step 3 :

The unwanted emissions over the range 1 GHz to 26 GHz shall be identified. Spectrum analyser settings:

- 1. RBW : 1 Mz
- 2. VBW : 3 MHz
- Detector mode : Peak
- Detector mode : Peak
 Trace mode : Max hold
- 5. Sweep points : $\geq 25\ 000$

For spectrum analysers not supporting this number of sweep points, the frequency band may be segmented. For spectrum analysers capable of supporting twice this number of sweep points, the frequency adjustment in clause 5.4.5.2.1.2 (step 1, last bullet) may be omitted.

6. Sweep time : For non-continuous transmissions (duty cycle less than 100 %), the sweep time shall be sufficiently long, such that for each 1 MHz frequency step, the measurement time is greater than two transmissions of the UUT.



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5.4.5.2.1.2 Measurement of the emissions identified during the pre-scan

Step 1:

The level of the emissions shall be measured in the time domain, using the following spectrum analyser settings:

- 1. Centre frequency : Frequency of emission identified during the pre-scan
- 2. RBW: 100 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 1 MHz (>1 GHz)
- 3. VBW: 300 kHz (< 1 GHz) / 3 MHz (>1 GHz)
- 4. Frequency span : 0 Hz
- 5. Sweep mode : Single sweep
- Sweep time : Suitable to capture one transmission burst. Additional measurements may be needed to identify the length of the transmission burst. In case of continuous signals, the Sweep Time shall be set to 30 ms
- 7. Sweep point : Sweep time $[\mu s] / 1 \mu s$ with a maximum of 30 000
- 8. Trigger : Video (Burst signals) or Manual (continuous signals)
- 9. Detector : RMS
- 10. Trace mode : Clear/Write



Test results

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT20

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 180 Mz)				Highest frequency (5 320 Mbz)			
Frequency(MEz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)
10 360	Н	1 000	-59.49	10 640	Н	1 000	-58.77
10 360	V	1 000	-61.15	10 640	V	1 000	-61.03

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT20

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 500 Mz)				Highest frequency (5 700 Mz)			
Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)
11 000	Н	1 000	-60.01	11 400	Н	1 000	-60.11
11 000	V	1 000	-61.63	11 400	V	1 000	-61.92

Mode: 802.11ac_VHT40

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 190 Mz)				Highest frequency (5 310 Mz)			
Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(Mb)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)
10 380	Н	1 000	-60.26	10 620	Н	1 000	-60.43
10 380	V	1 000	-61.89	10 620	V	1 000	-61.17

Mode: 802.11ac_VHT40

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 510 版)				Highest frequency (5 670 Mz)			
Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)
11 020	Н	1 000	-60.25	11 340	Н	1 000	-60.41
11 020	V	1 000	-61.94	11 340	V	1 000	-61.86

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Mode:

802.11ac VHT80

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 210 版)			Highest frequency (5 290 Mz)				
Frequency(Mb)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(ktz)	Level(dBm)
10 420	Н	1 000	-60.03	10 580	Н	1 000	-60.59
10 420	V	1 000	-61.27	10 580	V	1 000	-61.67

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT80

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 530 版)			Highest frequency (5 610 Mz)				
Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(Mb)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(ktz)	Level(dBm)
11 060	Н	1 000	-60.69	11 220	Н	1 000	-60.89
11 060	V	1 000	-61.21	11 220	V	1 000	-61.13



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (27) of (88)

Limit (Clause 4.2.4.1.2)

The level of transmitter unwanted emissions outside the 5 GHz RLAN bands shall not exceed the limits given in table 4. In case of equipment with antenna connectors, these limits apply to emissions at the antenna port (conducted). For emissions radiated by the cabinet or emissions radiated by integral antenna equipment (without antenna connectors), these limits are e.r.p. for emissions up to 1 GHz and e.i.r.p. for emissions above 1 GHz.

Frequency Range	Maximum power,	Bandwidth
30 MHz to 47 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
47 MHz to 74 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
74 MHz to 87.5 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
87.5 MHz to 118 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
118 MHz to 174 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
174 MHz to 230 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
230 MHz to 470 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
470 MHz to 862 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
862 MHz to 1 GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz to 5.15 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz
5.35 GHz to 5.47 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz
5.725 GHz to 26 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz



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4.2. Receiver spurious emissions

Measurement Condition

Ambient temperature :	20.4 °C
Relative humidity :	36.2 % R.H.

Test procedure

EN 301 893 clause 5.4.7.2

5.4.7.2.1 Pre-scan

Step 2:

The emissions shall be measured over the range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz. Spectrum analyser settings:

- 1. RBW : 100 kHz
- 2. VBW : 300 kHz
- 3. Detector mode : Peak
- 4. Trace mode : Max hold
- 5. Sweep points : ≥ 9700

For spectrum analysers not supporting this number of sweep points, the frequency band may be segmented. For spectrum analysers capable of supporting twice this number of sweep points, the frequency adjustment in clause 5.4.7.2.1.2 (step 1, last bullet) may be omitted.

6. Sweep time : Auto

Wait for the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified that have a margin of less than 6dB with respect to the limits given in clause 4.2.5.2, table 5, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.4.7.2.1.2 and compared to the limits given in clause 4.2.5.2, table 5.

Step 3:

The emissions shall now be measured over the range 1 GHz to 26 GHz. Spectrum analyser settings:

- 1. RBW:1 Mb
- 2. VBW:3 Mtz
- 3. Detector mode : Peak
- 4. Trace mode : Max hold
- 5. Sweep points : $\geq 25\ 000$

For spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may need to be segmented. For spectrum analysers capable of supporting twice this number of sweep points, the frequency adjustment in clause 5.4.7.2.1.2 (step 1, last bullet) may be omitted.

6. Sweep time : Auto

Wait for the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified that have a margin of less than 6dB with respect to the limits given in clause 4.2.5.2, table 5, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.4.7.2.1.2 and compared to the limits given in clause 4.2.5.2, table 5.



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5.4.7.2.1.2 Measurement of the emissions identified during the pre-scan

Step 1:

The level of the emissions shall be measured using the following spectrum analyser settings:

- 1. Measurement mode : Time domain power
- 2. Centre frequency : Frequency of the emission identified during the pre-scan
- 3. RBW: 100 kHz (emissions < 1 GHz) / 1 MHz (emissions > 1 GHz)
- 4. VBW: 300 kHz (emissions < 1 GHz) / 3 MHz (emissions > 1 GHz)
- 5. Frequency span : Zero span
- 6. Sweep mode : Single sweep
- 7. Sweep time : 30 ms
- 8. Sweep points : $\geq 30\ 000$
- 9. Trigger : Video (for burst signals) or Manual (for continuous signals)
- 10. Detector : RMS



Test results

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT20

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 180 Mz)				Highest frequency (5 320 Mz)					
Frequency(Mb)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(MHz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)		
Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB									

Mode: 802.11ac VHT20

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 500 Mz)				Highest frequency (5 720 Mz)					
Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)		
Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB									

Mode: 802.11ac_VHT40

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 190 Mz)				Highest frequency (5 310 Mz)					
Frequency(MEz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(MHz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(ktz)	Level(dBm)		
Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB									

Mode: 802.11ac_VHT40

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 510 Mz)				Highest frequency (5 710 Mz)					
Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(Mb)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)		
Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB									

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Mode:	802.11ac_VHT80

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 210 Mz)				Highest frequency (5 290 Mz)					
Frequency(MEz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(Mb)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)		
Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB									

Mode: 802.11ac_VHT80

Distance of measurement: 3 meter

Lowest frequency (5 530 Mz)				Highest frequency (5 690 Mz)			
Frequency(Mb)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(Level(dBm)	Frequency(Mz)	Ant Pol	Bandwidth(ktz)	Level(dBm)
Emission levels are not reported much lower than the limits by over 20 dB							



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Limit (Clause 4.2.5.2)

The spurious emissions of the receiver shall not exceed the limits given in table 5. In case of equipment with antenna connectors, these limits apply to emissions at the antenna port (conducted). For emissions radiated by the cabinet or emissions radiated by integral antenna equipment (without antenna connectors), these limits are e.r.p. for emissions up to 1 GHz and e.i.r.p. for emissions above 1 GHz.

Table 5: Spurious radiated emission limits

Frequency Range	Maximum power	Measurement bandwidth
30 MHz to 1 GHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz to 26 GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz



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4.3. Centre frequencies

Measurement Condition

Ambient temperature :	23.0 °C
Relative humidity :	38.2 % R.H.

Test procedure

EN 301 893 clause 5.4.2.2 – 5.4.2.2.1.1 or 5.4.2.2.1.2 Used test method is 5.4.2.2.1.1

5.4.2.2.1.1 Equipment operating without modulation

This test method requires that the UUT can be operated in an unmodulated test mode. The UUT shall be connected to a suitable frequency measuring device (e.g. a frequency counter or a spectrum analyser) and operated in an unmodulated mode. The result shall be recorded.

5.4.2.2.1 Equipment operating with modulation

This method is an alternative to the above method in case the UUT cannot be operated in an un-modulated mode. The UUT shall be connected to spectrum analyser. Max Hold shall be selected and the centre frequency adjusted to that of the UUT.

The peak value of the power envelope shall be measured and noted. The span shall be reduced and the marker moved in a positive frequency increment until the upper, (relative to the centre frequency), -10 dBc point is reached. This value shall be noted as f1.

The marker shall then be moved in a negative frequency increment until the lower, (relative to the centre frequency), -10 dBc point is reached. This value shall be noted as f2.

The centre frequency is calculated as (f1 + f2) / 2.



Test results

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT20

		Carrier frequencies		
Test Temp.(°C)	Voltage(Va.c.)	Low Frequency (5 180 Mz)	High Frequency (5 320 Mz)	
$T \min = -10$	V nom = 24.0	5 180.010 265	5 320.003 724	
		1.98 ppm	0.70 ppm	
T nom = 23.0		5 180.011 065	5 319.992 224	
		2.14 ppm	-1.46 ppm	
T max = 50		5 180.009 365	5 319.983 724	
		1.81 ppm	-3.06 ppm	

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT40

		Carrier frequencies		
Test Temp.(°C)	Voltage(V _{a.c.})	Low Frequency (5 190 Mz)	High Frequency (5 310 ₩z)	
T min = -10	V nom = 24.0	5 190.022 169	5 310.036 720	
		4.27 ppm	6.92 ppm	
$T_{nom} = 22.0$		5 190.032 669	5 310.032 320	
1 nom - 23.0		6.29 ppm	6.09 ppm	
T max = 50		5 190.034 669	5 310.030 620	
		6.68 ppm	5.77 ppm	

Mode:

802.11ac VHT80

		Carrier frequencies		
Test Temp.(°C)	Voltage(V _{a.c.})	Low Frequency (5 210 梱z)	High Frequency (5 290 Mz)	
$T \min = -10$	V nom = 24.0	5 210.046 678	5 290.014 109	
		8.96 ppm	2.67 ppm	
$T_{nom} = 22.0$		5 210.051 678	5 290.022 008	
1 nom - 23.0		9.92 ppm	4.16 ppm	
T max = 50		5 210. 054 778	5 290.028 708	
		10.51 ppm	5.43 ppm	



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Mode:

802.11ac VHT20

		Carrier frequencies		
Test Temp.(°C)	Voltage(V _{a.c.})	Low Frequency (5 500 Mz)	High Frequency (5 700 Mz)	
$T \min = -10$	V nom = 24.0	5 500.014 299	5 699.982 383	
		2.60 ppm	-3.09 ppm	
$T_{nom} = 23.0$		5 500.017 899	5 699.993 883	
1 nom - 23.0		3.25 ppm	-1.07 ppm	
T max = 50		5 500.022 399	5 700.006 183	
		4.07 ppm	1.08 ppm	

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT40

		Carrier frequencies		
Test Temp.(°C)	Voltage(Va.c.)	Low Frequency (5 510 Mz)	High Frequency (5 670 ₩z)	
$T \min = -10$	V nom = 24.0	5 510.031 803	5 670.046 370	
		5.77 ppm	9.27 ppm	
$T_{nom} = 22.0$		5 510.040 003	5 670.052 570	
1 nom - 23.0		7.26 ppm	9.27 ppm	
T max = 50		5 510.043 903	5 670.055 270	
		7.97 ppm	9.75 ppm	

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT80

		Carrier frequencies		
Test Temp.(°C)	Voltage(Va.c.)	Low Frequency (5 530 版)	High Frequency (5 610 版)	
T	V nom = 24.0	5 530.035 799	5 610.021 093	
1 mm10		6.47 ppm	3.76 ppm	
$T_{nom} = 22.0$		5 530.027 983	5 610.031 671	
1 nom - 25.0		5.06 ppm	5.65 ppm	
$T_{max} = 50$		5 530.027 195	5 610.049 842	
$1 \max - 50$		4.92 ppm	8.88 ppm	



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (36) of (88)

Limit (Clause 4.2.1.3)

The *Nominal Centre Frequencies* (fc) for a *Nominal Channel Bandwidth* of 20 Mz are defined by equation(1). See also figure 3.

 $fc = 5.160 + (g \times 20)$ MHz, where $0 \le g \le 9$ or $16 \le g \le 27$ and where g shall be an integer.(1)

A maximum offset of the *Nominal Centre Frequency* of ± 200 kHz is permitted. Where the manufacturer decides to make use of this frequency offset, the manufacturer shall declare the actual centre frequencies used by the equipment. See clause 5.4.1, item a).

The actual centre frequency for any given channel declared by the manufacturer shall be maintained within the range fc \pm 20 ppm.

Equipment may have simultaneous transmissions on more than one *Operating Channel* with a *Nominal Channel Bandwidth* of 20 MHz


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4.4. Nominal channel bandwidth and Occupied channel bandwidth

Measurement Condition

Ambient temperature :	23.0 °C
Relative humidity :	38.2 % R.H

Test procedure

EN 301 893 clause 5.4.3.2

The measurement procedure shall be as follows:

Step 1:

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- 1. Centre frequency : The centre frequency of the channel under test
- $2. \quad RBW: 100 \ \text{kHz}$
- 3. VBW:300 kHz
- 4. Frequency span : 2 × Nominal Bandwidth (e.g. 40 Mz for a 20 Mz channel)
- 5. Sweep time : >1 s; for larger Nominal Bandwidths, the sweep time may be increased until a value where the Sweep time has no impact on the RMS value of the signal
- 6. Detector mode : RMS
- 7. Trace mode : Max hold

Step 2 :

· Wait for the trace to stabilize.

Step 3 :

- Make sure that the power envelope is sufficiently above the noise floor of the analyser to avoid the noise signals left and right from the power envelope being taken into account by this measurement.
- Use the 99 % bandwidth function of the spectrum analyser to measure the Occupied Channel Bandwidth of the UUT.

This value shall be recorded.

• The measurement described in step 1 to step 3 above shall be repeated in case of simultaneous transmissions in Non-adjacent channels.



Test results

Mode:

802.11ac VHT20

Test item	Low Frequency (5 180 Mz)	High Frequency (5 320 Mz)	
99 % Bandwidth (Mz)	17.625	17.632	

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT20

Test item	Low Frequency (5 500 Mz)	High Frequency (5 700 版)	
99 % Bandwidth (Mz)	17.611	17.615	

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT40

Test item	Low Frequency (5 190 Mz)	High Frequency (5 310 版)	
99 % Bandwidth (Mz)	36.194	36.18	

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT40

Test item	Low Frequency (5 510 版)	High Frequency (5 670 版)	
99 % Bandwidth (Mz)	36.217	36.174	

Mode:

802.11ac VHT80

Test item	Low Frequency (5 210 Mz)	High Frequency (5 290 姬)	
99 % Bandwidth (Mz)	75.070	75.142	

Mode: 802.11ac_VHT80

Test item	Low Frequency (5 530 版)	High Frequency (5 610 婚z)	
99 % Bandwidth (Mz)	75.111	75.187	

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Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (39) of (88)

Limit (Clause 4.2.2.2)

The Nominal Channel Bandwidth for a single Operating Channel shall be 20 Miz.

Alternatively, equipment may implement a lower *Nominal Channel Bandwidth* with a minimum of 5 MHz, providing they still comply with the *Nominal Centre Frequencies* defined in clause 4.2.1 (20 MHz raster).

The *Occupied Channel Bandwidth* shall be between 80 % and 100 % of the *Nominal Channel Bandwidth*. In case of smart antenna systems (devices with multiple transmit chains) each of the transmit chains shall meet this requirement. The *Occupied Channel Bandwidth* might change with time/payload.

During a *Channel Occupancy Time (COT)*, equipment may operate temporarily with an *Occupied Channel Bandwidth* of less than 80 % of its *Nominal Channel Bandwidth* with a minimum of 2 Mb.



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4.5. RF output power, Transmit Power Control (TPC) and power density

4.5.1 **RF output power**

Measurement Condition

Ambient temperature :	23.0 °C
Relative humidity :	38.2 % R.H

Test procedure

EN 301 893 clause 5.4.4.2.1.1 – Option 1, 2 or 3 Used test method is option 2.

5.4.4.2.1.3

Option2: For equipment without continuous transmission capability and operating (or with the capability to operate) in only one sub-band

This option is for equipment that is either:

- · equipment capable of operation in both sub-bands, but not simultaneously; or
- equipment capable of operation in both sub-bands simultaneously but which, for the purpose of the testing, can be configured to transmit only in one sub-band.

Equipment having simultaneous transmissions in both sub-bands and which cannot be configured to transmit only in one sub-band, shall be tested using option 3 given in clause 5.4.4.2.1.1.4.

• The test procedure shall be as follows:

Step 1:

- Sample the transmit signal from the device using a fast power sensor suitable for 6 GHz. Save the raw sample. The samples shall represent the RMS power of the signal.
- · Settings:
 - Sample speed : $\geq 10^6$ Sample/s.
 - Measurement duration : Sufficient to capture a minimum of 10 transmitter bursts (see clause 5.3.1.1).

Step 2:

• For conducted measurements on devices with one transmit chain:

- Connect the power sensor to the transmit port, sample the transmit signal and store the raw data. Use these stored samples in all following steps.
- · For conducted measurements on devices with multiple transmit chains:
 - Connect a power sensor to each transmit port for a synchronous measurement on all transmit ports.
 - Trigger the power sensors so that they start sampling at the same time. Make sure the time difference between the samples of all sensors is less than 500 ns.
 - For each individual sampling point (time domain), sum the coincident power samples of all ports and store them. Use these summed samples in the following steps.

Step 3:

- $\cdot\,$ Find the start and stop times of each burst in the stored measurement samples.
- \cdot The start and stop times are defined as the points where the power is at least 30 dB below the highest value of the stored samples in step 2.
- \cdot In case of insufficient dynamic range, the value of 30 dB may need to be reduced appropriately.



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Step 4:

 \cdot Between the start and stop times of each individual burst, calculate the RMS (mean) power over the burst(P_{burst}) using the formula below:

$$P_{\text{burst}} = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{n=1}^{k} P_{\text{sample}}(n)$$

with 'k' being the total number of samples and 'n' the actual sample number

 $\cdot \,$ The highest of all P_{burst} values is the value A in dBm.

Step 5:

• The RF output power (e.i.r.p) at the highest power level P_{H} shall be calculated from the above measured power output A (in dBn), the stated antenna assembly gain G in dB and if applicable the beamforming gain Y in dB according to the formula below. If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the gain of the antenna assembly with the highest gain shall be used:

$P_{\rm H} = A + G + Y$ (dBm)

• This value PH shall be compared to the applicable limit contained in table 2 of clause 4.2.3.2.2 and shall be recorded in the report.



Test results

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT20

Temperature(°C)			E.I.R.P power (dBm)	
		Voltage(V)	Low Frequency (5 180 Mtz)	High Frequency (5 320 배2)
Min	10.0	Min. DC 9.0 V	12.94	11.78
Min10.0	-10.0	Max DC 36.0 V	12.98	11.81
Nom.	23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	12.51	11.44
Man		Min. DC 9.0 V	12.34	11.14
Max.	50.0	Max DC 36.0 V	12.37	11.15
Antenna gain (dBi)		g ain (dBi)	2.72	2.72

Note:

1. E.I.R.P power (dBm) = Average Power(dBm) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty cycle(x) = T_{on} time/Period

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 2.20$

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT20

Temperature(°C)		Voltage(V)		E.I.R.P power (dBm)		
				Low Frequency (5 500 ^{Mb} 2)	High Frequency (5 700 M ^h z)	
Min	10.0	Min. I	DC 9.0 V	12.89	13.33	
Min10.0	-10.0	Max D	DC 36.0 V	12.93	13.36	
Nom.	23.0	Nom. E	DC 24.0 V	12.60	13.03	
Man		£	Min. I	DC 9.0 V	13.23	12.69
Max.	50.0	Max D	DC 36.0 V	13.26	12.72	
Antenna gain (dBi)		3.54	3.54			

Note:

1. E.I.R.P power (dBm) = Average Power(dBm) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty cycle(x) = T_{on} time/Period

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 2.07$



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (43) of (88)

Mode	80
Mode:	80.

802.11ac_VHT40

Temperature(°C)			E.I.R.P power (dBm)	
		Voltage(V)	Low Frequency (5 190 Mz)	High Frequency (5 310 Mtz)
Min	10.0	Min. DC 9.0 V	13.29	12.88
Min10.0	-10.0	Max DC 36.0 V	13.32	12.91
Nom.	23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	12.95	12.56
Maa		Min. DC 9.0 V	12.66	12.24
Max.	50.0	Max DC 36.0 V	12.69	12.29
Antenna gain (dBi)		g ain (dBi)	2.72	2.72

Note:

1. E.I.R.P power (dBm) = Average Power(dBm) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty $cycle(x) = T_{on} time/Period$

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 3.71$

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT40

Temperature(°C)			E.I.R.P power (dBm)	
		Voltage(V)	Low Frequency (5 510 Mb)	High Frequency (5 670 Mbz)
Min10.0	Min. DC 9.0 V	15.48	15.58	
	-10.0	Max DC 36.0 V	15.50	15.59
Nom.	23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	15.15	15.23
Maa	50.0	Min. DC 9.0 V	14.87	14.93
Max.	50.0	Max DC 36.0 V	14.88	14.96
Antenna gain (dBi)		gain (dBi)	3.54	3.54

Note:

1. E.I.R.P power (dBm) = Average Power(dBm) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty $cycle(x) = T_{on}$ time/Period

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 3.85$



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (44) of (88)

Mode:	802.1
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802.11ac_VHT80

Temperature(°C)			E.I.R.P power (dBm)	
		Voltage(V)	Low Frequency (5 210 Mz)	High Frequency (5 290 Mb)
Min10.0	10.0	Min. DC 9.0 V	13.95	12.58
	-10.0	Max DC 36.0 V	13.98	12.60
Nom.	23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	13.59	12.27
Maa	50.0	Min. DC 9.0 V	13.24	11.94
Max.	50.0	Max DC 36.0 V	13.28	11.97
Antenna gain (dBi)		g ain (dBi)	2.72	2.72

Note:

1. E.I.R.P power (dBm) = Average Power(dBm) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty $cycle(x) = T_{on}$ time/Period

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 3.78$

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT80

Temperature(°C)			E.I.R.P power (dBm)	
		Voltage(V)	Low Frequency (5 530 Mb)	High Frequency (5 610 Mbz)
Min10.0	Min. DC 9.0 V	15.02	15.28	
	-10.0	Max DC 36.0 V	15.01	15.24
Nom.	23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	14.41	14.91
Maa	50.0	Min. DC 9.0 V	14.08	14.62
Max.	50.0	Max DC 36.0 V	14.10	14.95
Antenna gain (dBi)		gain (dBi)	3.54	3.54

Note:

1. E.I.R.P power (dBm) = Average Power(dBm) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty cycle(x) = T_{on} time/Period

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 4.52$



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4.5.2 Power spectral density

Measurement Condition

Ambient temperature :	23.0 °C
Relative humidity :	38.2 % R.H

Test procedure

EN 301 893 clause 5.4.4.2.1.3 – Option 1 or 2 Used test method is option 1

5.4.4.2.1.3.2

Option 1: For equipment with continuous transmission capability or for equipment operating (or with the capability to operate) with a constant duty cycle (e.g. Frame Based equipment)

This option is for equipment that can be configured to operate in a continuous transmit mode or with a constant duty cycle (x).

Step 1:

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- 1. Centre frequency : The centre frequency of the channel under test
- 2. RBW:1 MHz
- 3. VBW:3 M₂
- 4. Frequency span : 2 × Nominal Bandwidth (e.g. 40 Mz for a 20 Mz channel)
- 5. Detector mode : Peak
- 6. Trace mode : Max hold

Step 2:

When the trace is complete, find the peak value of the power envelope and record the frequency.

- 1. Centre frequency : Equal to the frequency recorded in step 2
- 2. Frequency span : 3 MHz
- 3. RBW : 1 M₂
- 4. VBW : 3 M₂
- 5. Sweep time : 1 minute
- 6. Detector mode : RMS
- 7. Trace mode : Max hold

Step 4:

- When the trace is complete, the trace shall be captured using the "Hold" or "View" option on the spectrum analyser.
- Find the peak value of the trace and place the analyser marker on this peak. This level is recorded as the highest Mean power (Power Density) D in a 1 Mz band.
- Alternatively, where a spectrum analyser is equipped with a function to measure spectral Power Density, this function may be used to display the Power Density D in dBm/Mz.
- In case of conducted measurements on smart antenna systems operating in a mode with multiple transmit chains active simultaneously, the Power Density of each transmit chain shall be measured separately to calculate the total Power Density (value D in dBm/Mz) for the UUT.

Step 5:

• The maximum spectral Power Density e.i.r.p. is calculated from the above measured Power Density D, the observed duty cycle x (see clause 5.4.4.2.1.1.2, step 1), the applicable antenna assembly gain G in dBi and if



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (46) of (88)

applicable the beamforming gain Y in dB, according to the formula below. This value shall be recorded in the test report. If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the gain of the antenna assembly with the highest gain shall be used:

 $PD = D + G + Y + 10 \times \log(1/x) (dBm/MLz)$

5.4.4.2.1.3.3

Option 2 : For equipment without continuous transmission capability and without the capability to transmit with a constant duty cycle

The test procedure shall be as follows:

Step1:

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- 1. Start frequency : lower band edge of applicable sub-band (e.g. 5 150 Mz or 5 470 Mz)
- 2. Stop frequency : upper band edge of applicable sub-band (e.g. 5 350 MHz or 5 725 MHz)
- 3. RBW:10 kHz
- 4. VBW: 30 kHz
- 5. Sweep points : >20 000 (for 5 150 Mz or 5 350 Mz)
 - >25 500 (for 5 470 MHz or 5 725 MHz)

For spectrum analysers not supporting this number of sweep points, the frequency band may be segmented.

- 6. Detector : RMS
- 7. Trace mode : Max hold
- 8. Sweep time : 30 s

For non-continuous signals, wait for the trace to be stabilized. Save the (trace) data set to a file.

Step 2:

• For conducted measurements on smart antenna systems using either operating mode 2 or operating mode 3 (see clause 5.3.3.2), repeat the measurement for each of the transmit ports. For each sampling point (frequency domain), add up the coincident power values (in mW) for the different transmit chains and use this as the new data set.

Step 3:

• Add up the values of power for all the samples in the file using the formula below:

$$P_{\text{Sum}} = \sum_{n=1}^{k} P_{\text{sample}}(n)$$

With 'k' being the total number of sample and 'n' the actual sample number

Step 4:

• Normalize the individual values for power (in dBm) so that the sum is equal to the RF Output Power (e.i.r.p.) $(P_{\rm H})$ measured in clause 5.4.4.2.1.1 for this sub-band. The following formulas can be used:

$$C_{\text{Corr}} = P_{\text{Sum}} - P_{H_{\text{e.i.r.p}}}$$
$$P_{\text{Sumplesor}}(n) = P_{\text{Sumple}}(n) - C_{\text{C}}$$

With 'n' being the actual sample number



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (47) of (88)

Step 5:

• Starting from the first sample P _{Samplecorr} (n) in the file (lowest frequency), add up the power (in \mathbb{N}) of the following samples representing a 1 \mathbb{M} segment and record the results for power and position (i.e. sample #1 to sample #100). This is the Power Density (e.i.r.p.) for the first 1 \mathbb{M} segment which shall be saved.

Step 6:

 \cdot Shift the start point of the samples added up in step 5 by one sample and repeat the procedure in step 5(i.e. sample #2 to sample #101).

Step 7:

 \cdot Repeat step 6 until the end of the data set and save the radiated Power Density values for each of the 1Mz segments.

• From all the saved results, the highest value is the maximum Power Density (e.i.r.p.) for the UUT. This value, which shall comply with the limit contained in table 2 of clause 4.2.3.2.2, shall be recorded in the test report.



Test results

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT20

	Voltage(V)	Power spectral density (dBm/Mz)	
Temperature(°C)		Low Frequency (5 180 Mb)	High Frequency (5 320 Mz)
Nom. 23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	-2.22	-2.25
Antenna gain (dBi)		2.72	2.72

Note:

- 1. E.I.R.P. Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) = Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)
- 2. Duty $cycle(x) = T_{on}$ time/Period
- 3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 2.20$

802.11ac VHT20

	Voltage(V)	Power spectral density (dBm/Mz)	
Temperature(°C)		Low Frequency (5 500 Mz)	High Frequency (5 700 Mz)
Nom. 23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	-2.82	-2.76
Antenna gain (dBi)		3.54	3.54

Note:

1. E.I.R.P. Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) = Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty cycle(x) = T_{on} time/Period

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 2.07$

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT40

	Voltage(V)	Power spectral density (dBm/Mz)	
Temperature(°C)		Low Frequency (5 190 Mz)	High Frequency (5 310 Mz)
Nom. 23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	-6.15	-6.36
Antenna gain (dBi)		2.72	2.72

Note:

1. E.I.R.P. Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) = Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty $cycle(x) = T_{on}$ time/Period

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 3.71$



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (49) of (88)

Mode:

802.11ac VHT40

	Voltage(V)	Power spectral density (dBm/Mz)	
Temperature(°C)		Low Frequency (5 510 Mz)	High Frequency (5 670 Mz)
Nom. 23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	-6.66	-6.01
Antenna gain (dBi)		3.54	3.54

Note:

1. E.I.R.P. Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) = Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty cycle(x) = T_{on} time/Period

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 3.85$

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT80

	Voltage(V)	Power spectral density (dBm/Mz)	
Temperature(°C)		Low Frequency (5 210 Mz)	High Frequency (5 290 梱z)
Nom. 23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	-7.89	-7.71
Antenna gain (dBi)		2.72	2.72

Note:

1. E.I.R.P. Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) = Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty $cycle(x) = T_{on}$ time/Period

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 3.78$

Mode:

802.11ac VHT80

	Voltage(V)	Power spectral density (dBm/Mz)	
Temperature(°C)		Low Frequency (5 530 Mz)	High Frequency (5 610 Mz)
Nom. 23.0	Nom. DC 24.0 V	-8.42	-8.28
Antenna gain (dBi)		3.54	3.54

Note:

1. E.I.R.P. Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) = Power spectral density (dBm/Mz) + Ant Gain(dBi) + Duty cycle factor (dB)

2. Duty cycle(x) = T_{on} time/Period

3. Duty cycle factor (dB) = $10\log(1/x) = 4.52$



Limit (Clause 4.2.3.2.2)

TPC is not required for channels whose nominal bandwidth falls completely within the band 5 150 MHz to 5 250 MHz.

For devices with TPC, the RF output power and the power density when configured to operate at the highest stated power level (P_H) of the TPC range shall not exceed the levels given in table 2.

Devices are allowed to operate without TPC. See table 2 for the applicable limits in this case.

The first and the first for the substitute of the first of the fightest point in the first of th	Table 2: Mean e.i.r.	p. limits for RF o	utput power and	power density	y at the highest	power level (P _H)
--	----------------------	--------------------	-----------------	---------------	------------------	-------------------------------

Frequency range [Mb]	Mean EIRF	limit [dBm]	Mean EIRP density limit [dBm/Mz]		
	with TPC	Without TPC	with TPC	Without TPC	
5 150 to 5 350	23	<u>20 / 23 (see note 1)</u>	10	<u>7 / 10 (see note 2)</u>	
5 470 to 5 725 30 (see note 3) 27 (see note 3) 17 (see note 3) 14 (see note 3)				<u>14 (see note 3)</u>	
NOTE 1: The applicable limit is 20 dBm, except for transmissions whose nominal bandwidth falls completely within the					
band 5 150 Mz to 5 250 Mz, in which case the applicable limit is 23 dBm.					
NOTE 2: The applicable limit is 7 dBm/Mz, except for transmissions whose nominal bandwidth falls completely within					
the band 5 150 MHz to 5 250 MHz, in which case the applicable limit is 10 dBm/MHz.					

NOTE 3: Slave devices without a Radar Interference Detection function shall comply with the limits for the band 5 250 MHz to 5 350 MHz.



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (51) of (88)

4.6. Transmitter unwanted emissions within the 5 GHz RLAN bands

Measurement Condition

Ambient temperature :	23.0 °C
Relative humidity :	38.2 % R.H

Test procedure

EN 301 893 clause 5.4.6.2 – Option 1 or 2 Used test method is option 2

5.4.6.2.1

Option 1 : For equipment with continuous transmission capability

The UUT shall be configured for continuous transmit mode (duty cycle equal to 100 %). If this is not possible, then option 2 shall be used.

Step 1: Determination of the reference average power level.

- Spectrum analyser settings:
 - 1. RBW:1 MHz
 - 2. VBW: 30 kHz
 - 3. Detector mode : Peak
 - 4. Trace mode : Video average
 - 5. Sweep time : Coupled
 - 6. Centre frequency : Centre frequency of the channel being tested
 - 7. Span : $2 \times$ Nominal channel bandwidth
- Use the marker to find the highest average power level of the power envelope of the UUT. This level shall be used as the reference level for the relative measurements.

Step2 : Determination of the relative average power levels.

- Adjust the frequency range of the spectrum analyser to allow the measurement to be performed within the subbands 5 150 Mb to 5 350 Mb and 5 470 Mb to 5 725 Mb. No other parameter of the spectrum analyser should be changed.
- Compare the relative power envelope of the UUT with the limits defined in clause 4.2.4.2.2.



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5.4.6.2.1.2

Option 2: For equipment without continuous transmission capability

This method shall be used if the UUT is not capable of operating in a continuous transmit mode (duty cycle less than 100 %). In addition, this option can also be used as an alternative to option 1 for systems operating in a continuous transmit mode.

Step 1: Determination of the reference average power level.

Spectrum analyser settings:

- 1. RBW:1 M₂
- 2. VBW: 30 kHz
- 3. Detector mode : RMS
- 4. Trace mode : Max hold
- 5. Sweep time : $\geq 1 \min$
- 6. Centre frequency : Centre frequency of the channel being tested
- 7. Span : $2 \times$ Nominal channel bandwidth

Use the marker to find the highest average power level of the power envelope of the UUT. This level shall be used as the reference level for the relative measurements.

Step 2: Determination of the relative average power levels

Adjust the frequency range of the spectrum analyser to allow the measurement to be performed within the sub-bands 5 150 Mz to 5 350 Mz and 5 470 Mz to 5 725 Mz. No other parameter of the spectrum analyser should be changed.

Compare the relative power envelope of the UUT with the limits defined in clause 4.2.4.2.2.



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Test results

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT20

5180 MHz



5320 MHz



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5500 MHz

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5700 MHz





Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (55) of (88)

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT40

5190 MHz



5310 MHz



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5510 MHz

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Mode:

802.11ac_VHT80

5210 MHz



5290 MHz



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5530 MHz

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Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (59) of (88)

Limit (Clause 4.2.4.2.2)





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4.7. DFS (Dynamic Frequency Selection)

Measurement Condition

Ambient temperature :	24.0 °C
Relative humidity :	40.2 % R.H.

4.7.1 Carrier frequencies table

Channel Dandwidth 20 Mz						
Frequency Band	Channel No.	Frequency(Mb)				
	52	5 260				
5 250 ~ 5 350 Młz Band 2	60	5 300				
	64	5 320				
5 470 ~ 5 725 MHz Band 3	100	5 500				
	116	5 580				
	140	5 700				

Channel bandwidth 20 Mz

Channel bandwidth 40 Mz

Frequency Band	Channel No.	Frequency(Mb)
5 250 ~ 5 350 MHz	54	5 270
Band 2	62	5 310
	102	5 510
$5\ 470 \sim 5\ 725\ \text{Mz}$ Band 3	118	5 590
Dand 5	134	5 670

Channel bandwidth 80 Mz

Frequency Band	Channel No.	Frequency(Mb)
5 250 ~ 5 350 Mb Band 2	58	5 290
5 470 ~ 5 725 MHz	106	5 530
Band 3	122	5 610



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Test report No .: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (61) of (88)

4.7.2 Test setup



Figure 5: Set-up B

Set-up B is set-up whereby the UUT is an RLAN device operating in slave mode, with or without Radar Interference Detection function. This set-up also contains an RLAN device operating in master mode. The radar test signals are injected into the master device. The UUT (slave device) is associated with the master device.

Figure 5 shows an example for Set-up B. The set-up used shall be documented in the test report.

4.7.3 Applicability

Table 6 lists the DFS related technical requirements and their applicability for every operational mode. If the RLAN device is capable of operating in more than on operational mode then every operating mode shall be assessed separately.

Requirement	DFS Operational mode				
	Master	Slave without radar detection (see table D.2, note 2)	Slave with radar detection (see table D.2, note 2)		
Channel Availability Check	Required	Not required	Required (see note 2)		
Off-Channel CAC (see note 1)	Required	Not required	Required (see note 2)		
In-Service Monitoring	Required	Not required	Required		
Channel Shutdown	Required	Required	Required		
Non-Occupancy Period	Required	Not required	Required		
Uniform Spreading	Required	Not required	Not required		
NOTE 1. Where implemented b	v tho manufa	cturor			

Where implemented by the manufacturer.

NOTE 2: A slave with radar detection is not required to perform a CAC or Off-Channel CAC at initial use of the channel but only after the slave has detected a radar signal on the Operating Channel by In-Service Monitoring and the Non-Occupancy Period resulting from this detection has elapsed.

The radar detection requirements specified in clauses 4.2.6.2.2 to 4.2.6.2.4 assume that the centre frequencies of the radar signals fall within the central 80% of the Occupied Channel Bandwidth of the RLAN channel (see clause 4.2.2)

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4.7.4. Test result

4.7.4.1 Traffic load

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT80

Operating frequency:





Mode:

802.11ac_VHT80

5 530 MHz

Channel:



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4.7.4.2 Channel move time & channel closing transmission time

5 290 MHz

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT80

Operating frequency:

Spectro	um							E
Ref Le	vel ().00 dBm	🖷 RB	W 3 MHz				1
Att		10 dB	SWT 10 s VE	W 3 MHz				
SGL								
1Pk Clrv	M							
					D3[1]			-0.08 dB
								512.251 ms
-10 aBm-		D3			M1[1]			-15.22 dBm
								1.126282 s
	1. 1	Stendarter.		and and the second billion of the location of		and in the second s	In the second second	Hard Brits Plant & Barrows
70 dBm				and the second second	the first of the second			A - Contraction of the second
-70 0611-								
-80 dBm-								
-90 dBm-								
CF 5.29	GHz			32001 pt	s	I		1.0 s/
Marker								
Туре	Ref	Trc	Stimulus	Response	Function	F	unction Res	ult
M1		1	1.126282 s	-15.22 dBm				
M2		1	1.326282 s	-63.75 dBm				
D3	Μ1	1	512.251 ms	-0.08 dB				

Channel closing transmission time calculated	Test results
Sweep time[S] sec	10
Sampling bins[B]	32 001
Number of sampling bins in 10 sec[N]	1
Closing transmission time [C] ms	0.312
Closing transmission time [C] ms	0.312

Channel move time (s)	Limit
0.512	≤ 10 s

Note:

Dwell = S/B;

Where **dwell** is the dwell time per spectrum analyzer sampling bin, S is the sweep time and B is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins.

An upper bound of the aggregate duration of the channel closing transmission time is calculated by: $C = N \times Dwell;$

Where C is the closing time, N is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins showing a U-NII transmission and dwell is the dwell time per bin.

Dwell = [S] / [B] = 10 / 32001 = 0.000312 Closing Transmission Time[C] = [N] × [Dwell] = 1 × 0.000312 = 0.000312 s = 0.312 ms

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Mode:	80	802.11ac_VHT80				
Operating frequency:		530 MHz				
Spectr Ref Le Att SGL	rum 2 evel 0.00 dB 10 d	Spectrum (X) Sm • RBV dB • SWT 10 5 • VBV	N/3 MHz N/3 MHz			(The second seco
● 1Pk Clr 10 dBm	W M1	13		D3[1]		0.57 dB 514.387 ms -14.51 dBm
-2013- -2013						1.231425 s
- 40 (8+ - 20 (8+ - 140 (8+	M2,	a the 2 spectra property damaged attraction by All	hin cheve als advandidase, in		Alpha Jame Alflowed and Albert	si kenseta Bardan Selan (na Bala, (na siki
-70 dBm						
-90 dBm						
CF 5.53 G	3 GHz	2 32001 pts 1.0 s/				
Marker Type	Ref Trc	Stimulus	Response	Function	Fur	nction Result
N1 N2 D3	1 1 N1 1	1.431425 s 514.387 ms	-62.02 dBm 0.72 dB			
					Ready 📗	

Channel closing transmission time calculated	Test results
Sweep time[S] sec	10
Sampling bins[B]	32 001
Number of sampling bins in 10 sec[N]	1
Closing transmission time [C] ms	0.312

Channel move time (s)	Limit
0.514	$\leq 10 \text{ s}$

Note:

Dwell = S/B;

Where **dwell** is the dwell time per spectrum analyzer sampling bin, S is the sweep time and B is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins.

An upper bound of the aggregate duration of the channel closing transmission time is calculated by:

 $C = N \times Dwell;$

Where C is the closing time, N is the number of spectrum analyzer sampling bins showing a U-NII transmission and dwell is the dwell time per bin.

Dwell = [S] / [B] = 10 / 32001 = 0.000312 Closing Transmission Time[C] = [N] × [Dwell] = 1 × 0.000312 = 0.000312 s = 0.312 ms



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4.7.4.3 Non-Occupancy Period

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT80

5290 MHz

Operating frequency:

₽ Spectrum Ref Level 0.00 de RBW 3 MHz Att 10 dB 👄 SWT 2200 s VBW 3 MHz SGL ●1Pk Clrw -45.80 dB D2[1] -10 dB/ M1[1] 14.55 dBm 158.140 9 -20 dBr -30 dBr 40 dBr -50 dBr -60 dBr -70 dBm -80 dBm--90 dBm CF 5.29 GHz 8001 pts 220.0 s/ Marker Type Ref Trc Function Function Result Stimulus Response 158.14 s 1.8 ks -14.55 dBm -45.80 dB D2 M1 Ready

Mode:

802.11ac_VHT80

5 530 MHz

Operating frequency:

Ţ Spectrum Ref Level 0.00 dBm RBW 3 MHz 10 dB 🖷 SWT 2200 s Att VBW 3 MHz SGL ●1Pk Clrw D2[1] -39.87 dE 1800.000 -10 dBm M1[1] 19.38 dBm M1 98.700 9 Вπ -30 dBr -40 dBm -50 D2 -60 -70 dBm -80 dBm -90 dBm 8001 pts CF 5.53 GHz 220.0 s/ Marker Type Ref Trc
 Response
 Function

 -19.38 dBm
 -39.87 dB
Stimulus Function Result 98.7 s 1.8 ks D2 M1 Ready

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Limit (Clause 4.2.6.2)

Table D.1: DFS requirement values

Parameter	Value	
Channel Availability Check Time	60 s (see note 1)	
Minimum Off-Channel CAC Time	6 minutes (see note 2)	
Maximum Off-Channel CAC Time	4 hours (see note 2)	
Channel Move Time	10 s	
Channel Closing Transmission Time	1 s	
Non-Occupancy Period	30 minutes	
NOTE 1: For channels whose nominal bandwidth falls completely or partly within the band 5 600 MHz to 5 650 MHz, the <i>Channel Availability Check Time</i> shall be 10 minutes.		
NOTE 2: For channels whose nominal bandwidth falls completely or partly within the band 5 600 MHz to 5 650 MHz, the <i>Off-Channel CAC Time</i> shall be within the range 1 hour to 24 hours.		

Table D.2. Raudi Delection Theshold Level	Table D.2:	Radar	Detection	Threshold	Levels
---	------------	-------	-----------	-----------	--------

e.i.r.p. Spectral Density		Value			
(dBm/MHz)		(see note 1 and note 2)			
	10	-62 dBm			
NOTE 1: 1	E 1: This is the level at the input of the receiver of an RLAN device with a maximum				
	e.i.r.p. density of 10 dBm/MH	z and assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna. For			
0	devices employing different e.i.r.p. spectral density and/or a different receive				
6	antenna gain G (dBi) the Radar Detection Threshold Level at the receiver input				
f	follows the following relationship:				
(DFS Detection Threshold (dBm) = -62 + 10 - e.i.r.p. Spectral Density (dBm/MHz)				
+	+ G (dBi); however the Radar Detection Threshold Level shall not be less				
t	than -64 dBm assuming a 0 d	Bi receive antenna gain.			
NOTE 2: S	: Slave devices with a maximum e.i.r.p. of less than 23 dBm do not have to				
i	implement radar detection unl	less these devices are used in fixed outdoor point			
t	to point or fixed outdoor point	to multipoint applications (see clause 4.2.6.1.3).			

Table D.3: Parameters of the reference DFS test signal

Pulse width	Pulse repetition	Pulses per burst
W (μs)	frequency PRF (PPS)	(PPB)
1	700	18



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Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (67) of (88)



Table D.4: Parameters of radar test signals

NOTE 6: For the CAC and Off-Channel CAC requirements, the minimum number of pulses (for each PRF) for any of the radar test signals to be detected in the band 5 600 MHz to 5 650 MHz shall be 18.



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Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (68) of (88)

Table D.5: Detection probability

	Detection Probability (P _d)				
Parameter	Channels whose nominal bandwidth falls partly or completely within the 5 600 MHz	Other channels			
	to 5 650 MHz band				
CAC, Off-Channel CAC	99,99 %	60 %			
In-Service Monitoring	60 %	60 %			
NOTE: P _d gives the probability of detection per simulated radar burst and represents a minimum					
level of detection performance under defined conditions. Therefore P _d does not					
represent the overall detection probability for any particular radar under real life conditions.					



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4.8. Adaptivity

Measurement Condition

Ambient temperature :	24.0 °C
Relative humidity :	40.2 % R.H.

Test procedure

EN 301 893 clause 5.4.9 – clause 5.4.9.2 or 5.4.9.3 Used test method is clause 5.4.9.3

5.4.9.3 Test method for Load Based Equipment

5.4.9.3.2 Conducted measurements 5.4.9.3.2.1 Initialization of the test



Figure 1 : Example Test Set-up for verifying the adaptivity of an equipment

The different steps below define the procedure to verify the efficiency of the adaptivity mechanism of the equipment.

Step 1:

- The UUT shall connect to a companion device during the test. The signal generator, the spectrum analyser, the UUT, the traffic source and the companion device are connected using a Set-up equivalent to the example given by figure 1 although the interference source is switched off at this point in time. The spectrum analyser is used to monitor the transmissions of the UUT in response to the interference signal. The traffic source might be part of the UUT itself.
- The received signal level (wanted signal from the companion device) at the UUT shall be sufficient to maintain a reliable link for the duration of the test. A typical value for the received signal level which can be used in most cases is -50 dBm/Mtz.



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (70) of (88)

- The analyser shall be set as follows:
 - 1. RBW : ≥ Occupied channel bandwidth (if the analyser does not support this setting, the highest available setting shall be used)
 - 2. VBW : 3 × RBW (if the analyser does not support this setting, the highest available setting shall be used)
 - 3. Detector mode : RMS
 - 4. Centre frequency : Equal to the centre frequency of the operating channel
 - 5. Span : 0 Hz
 - 6. Sweep time : $> 2 \times$ Channel occupancy time
 - 7. Trace mode : Clear/Write
 - 8. Trigger mode : Video or RF/IF power

Step 2:

• Configure the traffic source so that it exceeds the UUT's theoretical radio performance. The traffic source shall fill the UUT's buffers causing the UUT to always have transmissions queued (full buffer condition) towards the companion device. To avoid adverse effects on the measurement results, a unidirectional traffic source should be used. An example of such a unidirectional traffic source not triggering reverse traffic on higher layer protocols is UDP.



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4.8.1 Channel operation of EUT device type

	Frame based equipment		Multi-channel operation
🛛 Load			Single-channel operation
	Load based equipment	\square	Option 1 for Multi-channel operation
			Option 2 for Multi-channel operation

Mode: 802.11ac





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4.8.2 Medium Access Mechanism of EUT type

	Frame based equipment		
Load based equipment	T J h J	Option A :	Verify medium access mechanism
	Load based equipment	Option B :	Declaration by manufacturer

4.8.3. **Test result**

Test item	Tested frequency (Mz)]	Item	Values	Limit
Adaptivity (before the interference signal)	5 180	Channel occupancy time		1.954 ms	<2 ms
	5 180	Idle period		27 µs	> 25 µs
Adaptivity (adding the interference signal)	5 180	AWGN	Stop transmissions	Stop	Stop transmission on the current operating channel
		OFDM			
		LTE			
	5 180 C	AWGN	Short control signaling transmission	No transmission	Short Control Signalling Transmissions of
		OFDM			Adaptive equipment shall have a maximum duty cycle of 5 % within an observation period of 50 ms
		LTE			


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Limit (Clause 4.2.7.3.2)

4.2.7.3.2.4 Priority classes

Table 1 : Priority class dependent channel access parameters for supervising devices.

Class #	Po	CW _{min}	CW _{max}	Maximum Channel Occupancy Time (COT)			
4	1	3	7	2 ms			
3	1	7	15	4 ms			
2	3	15	63	6 ms (see note 1 and note 2)			
1	7	15	1 023	6 ms (see note 1)			
Note 1 :	The maximum Channel Occupancy Time (COT) of 6 ms may be increased to 8 ms by inserting one or more pauses. The minimum duration of a pause shall be 100 μ s. The maximum duration (Channel Occupancy) before including any such pause shall be 6 ms. Pause duration is not included in the channel occupancy time.						
Note 2 :	The maximum Channel Occupancy Time (COT) of 6 ms may be increased to 10 ms by extending CW to CW \times 2+1 when selecting the random number q for any backoff(s) that precede the Channel Occupancy that may exceed 6 ms or which follow the Channel Occupancy that exceeded 6 ms. The choice between preceding or following a Channel Occupancy shall remain unchanged during the operation time of the device.						
Note 3 :	The valus for P_0 , C	The values for P_0 , CW_{min} , CW_{max} are minimum values. Greater values are allowed.					

Table 2 : Classification of idle periods dependent priority class for supervising devices.

Class #	Idle Periods Classification					
4	$B_n = \begin{cases} [0, 23] \ \mu s, \ n = 0\\ [23 + 9 \times (n - 1), 23 + 9 \times n[\ \mu s, \ 1 \le n \le 3\\ [50, \infty[\ \mu s, \ n = 4 \end{cases}$					
3	$B_n = \begin{cases} [0, 23] \ \mu s, \ n = 0\\ [23 + 9 \times (n - 1), 23 + 9 \times n[\ \mu s, \ 1 \le n \le 7\\ [86, \infty[\ \mu s, \ n = 8] \end{cases}$					
2	$B_n = \begin{cases} [0, 41[\ \mu s, \ n = 0] \\ [41 + 9 \times (n - 1), 41 + 9 \times n[\ \mu s, \ 1 \le n \le 31] \\ [320, \infty[\ \mu s, \ n = 32] \end{cases}$					
1	$B_n = \begin{cases} [0, 77[\ \mu s, n = 0 \\ [77 + 9 \times (n - 1), 77 + 9 \times n[\ \mu s, \ 1 \le n \le 15 \\ [212, \infty[\ \mu s, \ n = 16 \end{cases} \end{cases}$					



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Test report No .: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (74) of (88)

able 5. Filolity class dependent channel access parameters for supervised devices.							
Class #	Po	CW _{min}	CW _{max}	(COT)			
4	2	3	7	2 ms			
3	2	7	15	4 ms			
2	3	15	1 023	6 ms (see note 1)			
1	7	15	1 023	6 ms (see note 1)			
Note 1 :	Note 1 : The maximum Channel Occupancy Time (COT) of 6 ms may be increased to 8 ms by inserting						
	(Channel Occupancy) before including any such pause shall be 6 ms. Pause duration is not included in the channel occupancy time.						
Note 2 :	Note 2 : The values for P_0 , CW_{min} , CW_{max} are minimum values. Greater values are allowed.						

Table 3 :	Priority cla	ass depender	nt channel	access 1	parameters f	for su	pervised d	evices.
14010 5.	i norny en	iss depende	it enamer	access	parameters	or su	per viseu u	CV1005.

Fable 4 : Classification of idle	periods dep	pendent priorit	y class for su	pervised devices.
----------------------------------	-------------	-----------------	----------------	-------------------

Class #	Idle Periods Classification
4	$B_n = \begin{cases} [0, 32[\ \mu s, \ n = 0 \\ [32 + 9 \times (n - 1), 32 + 9 \times n[\ \mu s, \ 1 \le n \le 3 \\ [59, \infty[\ \mu s, \ n = 4 \end{cases} \end{cases}$
3	$B_n = \begin{cases} [0, 32[\ \mu s, \ n = 0 \\ [32 + 9 \times (n - 1), 32 + 9 \times n[\ \mu s, \ 1 \le n \le 7 \\ [95, \infty[\ \mu s, \ n = 8 \end{cases} \end{cases}$
2	$B_n = \begin{cases} [0, 41[\ \mu s, \ n = 0 \\ [41 + 9 \times (n - 1), 41 + 9 \times n[\ \mu s, \ 1 \le n \le 15 \\ [176, \infty[\ \mu s, \ n = 16 \end{cases} \end{cases}$
1	$B_n = \begin{cases} [0, 77[\ \mu s, n = 0 \\ [77 + 9 \times (n - 1), 77 + 9 \times n[\ \mu s, \ 1 \le n \le 15 \\ [212, \infty[\ \mu s, \ n = 16 \end{cases} \end{cases}$



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Idle period probability evaluation.

- $\cdot \$ Let $H(B_n)$ define the number of Idle Periods assigned to bin $B_n.$
- Let E define the total number of Idle periods observed. Then E is the sum of events in all bins:

 $E = \sum_{n=0}^{k} H(B_n)$

- · Calculate the observed cumulative probabilities as follows:
 - Let P(n) define the probability that idle periods of duration less than the upper limit specified for bin B_n
 - Occurred, $P(n) = P(Idle period < upper limit of bin B_n)$.

Then, for each n,
$$0 \le n \le k$$
, calculate P(n) as:

$$p(n) = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{n} H(B_i)}{E}$$

· It shall be verified whether the UUT complies with the below maximum probabilities:

Table 5 : Idle periods probability depen	ndent priority class
--	----------------------

Class #	Idle Periods probability
4	$p(n) \le \begin{cases} 0,05, \ n = 0\\ 0,05 + n \times 0,25, \ 1 \le n \le 3\\ 1, \ n > 3 \end{cases}$
3	$p(n) \leq \begin{cases} 0,05, \ n = 0\\ 0,18, \ n = 1\\ 0,18 + (n-1) \times 0,125, \ 2 \leq n \leq 6\\ 1, \ n > 6 \end{cases}$
2	$p(n) \leq \begin{cases} 0,05, n = 0\\ 0,12, n = 1\\ 0,12 + (n-1) \times 0,03125, 2 \leq n \leq 29\\ 1, n > 29 \end{cases}$ $p(n) \leq \begin{cases} 0,05, n = 0\\ 0,12, n = 1\\ 0,12 + (n-1) \times 0,0625, 2 \leq n \leq 15\\ 1, n > 15 \end{cases}$ $p(n) \leq \begin{cases} 0,09 + (n-1) \times 0,03125, 1 \leq n \leq 7\\ 0,59 + (n-1) \times 0,03125, 8 \leq n \leq 14\\ 1, n > 14 \end{cases}$
1	$p(n) \leq \begin{cases} 0,05, \ n = 0\\ 0,12, \ n = 1\\ 0,12 + (n-1) \times 0,0625, \ 2 \leq n \leq 15\\ 1, \ n > 15 \end{cases}$

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Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (76) of (88)

4.2.7.3.2.5 ED Threshold level (Energy Detection Threshold Level)

Option 1 : For equipment that for its operation in the 5 GHz bands is conforming to IEEE 802.11TM-2016[9], clause 17, Clause 19 or clause 21, or any combination of these clause, the ED Threshold Level (TL) is independent of The equipment's maximum transmit power (P_H). Assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna the ED Threshold Level (TL) shall be:

TL = -75 dBm/MHz

Option 2 : For equipment conforming to one or more of the clauses listed in Option 1, and to at least one other operating mode, and for equipment conforming to none of the clauses listed in Option 1, the ED Threshold Level (TL) shall be proportional to the equipment's maximum transmit power (P_H). Assuming a 0 dBi receive antenna the ED Threshold Level (TL) shall be:

Equipment shall consider a channel to be occupied as long as other RLAN transmissions are detected at a level greater than the TL.

4.2.7.3.3 Short control signalling transmissions (FBE and LBE)

The use of Short Control Signalling Transmissions is constrained as follows:

- within an observation period of 50 ms, the number of short control signaling transmissions by the equipment shall Be equal to or less than 50; and
- · the total duration of the equipment's short control signaling transmissions shall be less than 2 500 μ s within said Observation period.



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (77) of (88)

4.9. Receiver blocking

Measurement Condition

Ambient temperature :	24.0 °C
Relative humidity :	40.2 % R.H

Test procedure

EN 301 893 clause 5.4.10.2

5.4.10.2.1 Conducted measurements

For systems using multiple receive chains only one chain need to be tested. All other receiver inputs shall be terminated.

Figure 18 shows the test set-up which can be used for performing the receiver blocking test. The companion device may require appropriate shielding or may need to be put in a shielded room to prevent it may have a negative impact on the measurement.



Figure 18: Test Set-up for receiver blocking

The steps below define the procedure to verify the receiver blocking requirement as described in clause 4.2.8. **Step 1:**

• The UUT shall be set to the first operating frequency to be tested (see clause 5.3.2).

Step 2:

• The blocking signal generator is set to the first frequency as defined in table 9.

Step 3:

- With the blocking signal generator switched off a communication link is set up between the UUT and the associated companion device using the test setup shown in figure 18. The attenuation of the variable attenuator shall be increased in 1 dB steps to a value at which the minimum performance criteria as specified in clause 4.2.8.3 is still met. The resulting level for the wanted signal at the input of the UUT is P_{min}.
- \cdot This signal level (P_{min}) is increased by 6 dB resulting in a new level (Pmin + 6 dB) of the wanted signal at the UUT receiver input.

Step 5:

 \cdot Repeat step 4 for each remaining combination of frequency and level as specified in table 9.

Step 6:

• Repeat step 2 to step 5 with the UUT operating at the other operating frequencies at which the blocking test has to Be performed. See clause 5.3.2.

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Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (78) of (88)

Test results

Mode: 802.11aRX Channel	Int. Freq. (Mz)	Int. Lev. (dB m)	Int. Signal	Verdict	
Lowest	5100.0	-53	CW	Pass	
Lowest	4900.0	-47	CW	Pass	
Lowest	5000.0	-47	CW	Pass	
Lowest	5975.0	-47	CW	Pass	
Highest	5100.0	-53	CW	Pass	
Highest	4900.0	-47	CW	Pass	
Highest	5000.0	-47	CW	Pass	
Highest	5975.0	-47	CW	Pass	



Limit (Clause 4.2.8.4)

While maintaining the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.2.8.3, the blocking levels at specified frequency offsets shall be equal to or greater than the limits defined in table 9.

Table 9: Receiver Blocking parameters						
		Blocking sign: (see n				
Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm)	Blocking signal frequency(^M 2)	Master or Slave with radar detection (as defined in ETSI EN 301 893 [1], table D.2, note 2)	Slave without radar detection (as defined in ETSI EN 301 893 [1], table D.2, note 2)	Type of blocking signal		
$P_{min} + 6 \text{ dB}$	5100	-53	-59	Continuous Wave		
$P_{min} + 6 \text{ dB}$	4900 5000 5975	-47	-53	Continuous Wave		
NOTE 1: P _{min} is the minimum level of the wanted signal (in dBm) required to meet the minimum performance criteria						
as defined i NOTE 2: The levels sp	n clause 4.1.2 in the abs pecified are levels in fro	ence of any blocking signt of the UUT antenna.	gnal. In case of conducted me	easurements, the levels		

have to be corrected by the actual antenna assembly gain.



Test report No.: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (80) of (88)

Appendix A. Measurement equipment



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Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Calibration interval	Calibration due.
Spectrum analyzer	R&S	FSV40	101002	1 year	2019.06.29
Spectrum analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY52091086	1 year	2020.01.16
USB Wideband Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54260004	1 year	2020.01.16
USB Wideband Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54340004	1 year	2020.01.16
USB Wideband Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54390010	1 year	2020.01.16
USB Wideband Power Sensor	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54390009	1 year	2020.01.16
8360B Series Swept Signal Generator	HP	83630B	3844A00786	1 year	2020.01.16
Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50143493	1 year	2020.01.16
Signal generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50143829	1 year	2020.01.16
DC Power Supply	Agilent	6632B	US36351824	1 year	2020.01.15
Trilog-broadband antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9168-714	2 years	2020.11.26
Dipole antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VHA9103	3093	2 years	2019.05.19
Dipole antenna	SCHWARZBECK	UHA9105	2703	2 years	2019.05.19
Dipole antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VHA9103	3101	2 years	2019.05.19
Dipole antenna	SCHWARZBECK	UHA9105	2702	2 years	2019.05.19
Horn Antenna	A.H.	SAS-571	781	2 years	2019.05.02
Horn Antenna	A.H SYSTEMS	SAS-571	414	2 years	2019.02.15
Preamplifier	AGILENT	8449B	3008A01742	1 year	2020.01.08
Attenuator	KEYSIGHT	8493C	82506	1 year	2020.01.15
High Pass Filter	WAINWRIGHT INSTRUMENT	WHJS3000-10TT	1	1 year	2019.06.29
Low Pass Filter	WEINSCHEL	WLK1.0/18G-10TT	14	1 year	2019.06.29
Splitter	MINI-CIRCUITS	ZFSC-2-10G+	F679501347-1	1 year	2019.06.29
Splitter	MINI-CIRCUITS	ZFSC-2-10G+	F679501347-2	1 year	2019.06.29
Dual Directional Coupler	KRYTAR	152613	153577	1 year	2019.06.29

Peripheral devices

Device	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
Notebook Computer	SAMSUNG	NT-R519	ZKPA93ES900086Z



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Appendix B. Test setup photos



Test report No .: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (83) of (88)

Below 1 GHz



Above 1 GHz





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Appendix C. EUT photos



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Test report No .: KES-RF-19T0017 Page (86) of (88)





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The end of test report.